## SENATE BILL No. 368

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 28-1-1-3; IC 28-1-23-16.

Synopsis: Maximum fee for ATM transactions. Provides that a financial institution may assess a fee on an automated teller machine (ATM) transaction not to exceed \$1.50 per transaction.

Effective: July 1, 1999.

# Lanane, Antich

January 8, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.



1999

#### First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 368

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 28-1-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 3. Unless a different meaning is
required by the context, the following definitions apply throughout this
article:

- (1) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, savings association, credit union, savings bank, bank of discount and deposit, or industrial loan and investment company organized or reorganized under the laws of this state, and includes a consumer finance institution licensed to make supervised or regulated loans under IC 24-4.5.
- (2) "Bank" or "bank or trust company" means a financial institution organized or reorganized as a bank, bank of discount and deposit, or trust company under the laws of this state with the express power to receive and accept deposits of money subject to withdrawal by check, and possessing such other rights and powers granted by the provisions of this article in express terms or by implication. The term "bank" or "bank or trust company" does not



6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

0

P

y

1	include a savings association, credit union, or industrial loan and
2	investment company.
3	(3) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation formed under the
4	laws of this state, and "foreign corporation" means every other
5	corporation.
6	(4) "Articles of incorporation" includes both the original articles
7	of incorporation and any and all amendments thereto, except
8	where the original articles of incorporation only are expressly
9	referred to, and includes articles of merger and consolidation, and,
10	in the case of corporations organized before July 1, 1933, articles
11	of reorganization, and all amendments thereto.
12	(5) "Incorporator" means one (1) of the signers of the original
13	articles of incorporation.
14	(6) "Subscriber" means one who subscribes for shares of stock in
15	a financial institution.
16	(7) "Shareholder" means one who is a holder of record of shares
17	of stock in a financial institution.
18	(8) "Capital stock" means the aggregate amount of the par value
19	of all shares of capital stock.
20	(9) "Capital" means the aggregate amount paid in on the shares of
21	capital stock of a financial institution issued and outstanding.
22	(10) "Sound capital" means and includes the paid-in and
23	unimpaired capital, the unimpaired surplus, and the unimpaired
24	proceeds of the notes and debentures of any bank which have
25	been issued under the authority and with the approval, in writing,
26	of the department.
27	(11) "Assets" includes all of the property and rights of every kind
28	of a financial institution and the term "fixed assets" means such
29	assets as are not intended to be sold or disposed of in the ordinary
30	course of business.
31	(12) "Principal office" means that office maintained by the
32	financial institution in this state, the address of which is required
33	by the provisions of this article to be kept on file in the office of
34	the secretary of state.
35	(13) "Subscription" means any written agreement or undertaking,
36	accepted by a financial institution, for the purchase of shares of
37	capital stock in the financial institution.
38	(14) "Department" means the department of financial institutions.
39	(15) "Member" means a member of the department of financial
40	institutions.
41	(16) "Branch" means any office, agency, or other place of
42	business, other than the principal office of a financial institution,



1	at which deposits are received, checks paid, or money lent.	
2	(17) "Subsidiary" means any foreign or domestic corporation or	
3	limited liability company in which the parent bank has at least	
4	eighty percent (80%) ownership.	
5	(18) "Savings bank" means a financial institution that:	
6	(A) was organized, reorganized, or operating under IC 28-6	
7	(before its repeal) before January 1, 1993;	
8	(B) is formed as the result of a conversion under:	
9	(i) IC 28-1-21.7;	
10	(ii) IC 28-1-21.8; or	
11	(iii) IC 28-1-21.9; or	
12	(C) is incorporated under IC 28-12.	
13	(19) "Corporate fiduciary" means a financial institution whose	
14	primary business purpose is to engage in the trust business (as	
15	defined in IC 28-14-1-8) and the execution and administration of	
16	fiduciary accounts as a nondepository trust company incorporated	
17	under Indiana law.	
18	(20) "Automated teller machine" or "ATM" means a piece of	
19	unmanned electronic or mechanical equipment that performs	
20	routine financial transactions for authorized individuals but	
21	does not include retail point of sale payment terminals.	
22	SECTION 2. IC 28-1-23-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
23	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
24	1, 1999]: Sec. 16. A financial institution may assess a fee not to	
25	exceed one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per transaction on an	
26	automated teller machine transaction.	
		V

